

FORWARD 1 This piece of historical NA literature is now up for Input and Review. This 2 document was discovered by Members of Home Groups on a historical NA 3 archive. The Members thought it was such a powerful piece of literature that it 4 should be formatted into an accessible booklet, taken through the Input and 5 Review process, and shared with the NA world for free. After many, many 6 hours of working on retyping and formatting the document, it then went 7 through four workshops where this booklet was compared to the original 8 document to make sure every line matched up. The Groups involved in these 9 workshops did a minimal amount of Input and Review where needed for 10 grammar, spelling, etc. The Groups changed as little as possible to preserve the 11 original document. 12 A lot of mystery surrounded this piece for the Members and Groups involved 13 in this project. Many addicts from all over the world were asked for 14 information on it; mostly wanting to know where this amazing piece of 15 16

literature came from, and why the whole world did not have it on their literature table. Most sources pointed to one addict. This addict has given an incalculable amount of labor of love to our literature already though writings like "The Twelve Traditions of NA" chapter in our Basic Text, our original service manual "The NA Tree," the "Triangle of Self-Obsession" IP No. 12, as well as many other valuable pieces of timeless NA literature. It is known that this addict believed in the spirit of Open Participation literature that goes through the Input and Review process like our Gray Book, and our original Basic Text's did. In that spirit of "labor of love" this piece of literature is now offered up to any and all NA Members and Groups wishing to participate in being a part of and sharing this literature with any addict seeking recovery.

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This is a Literary Work in progress. Please copy and share this with your local Home Group for Input and Review.

Please send your input to nahelp.org@gmail.com

The original photo copied document can be found at: http://narchive.magshare.net/NArchive/Old Documents/When-It-Works-12-Basics.pdf

WHEN IT WORKS: 12 Basics

The Twelve Principles of Narcotics Anonymous

The seeds of the miracles of NA are found in the following principles. Each principle is behind a step for an individual NA member, or a tradition for a collective body of NA members.

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- 1. **Hope** gives us something positive to look for and move towards. We can admit our need for help as we begin to share in our common welfare.
 - 2. **Surrender** to the things we cannot change through our own power is a way to get on with our lives. We seek a Higher Power of our own understanding and that becomes our ultimate guide and a source of strength.
- 3. **Acceptance** allows evasion and denial to give way to reality and peace. With the care of God, we are granted the power to welcome new people and ideas into our lives.
 - 4. **Honesty** is the ability to match up our insides with our outsides. It allows what we don't care about to go away and what we really want to appear and develop in our lives.
- 5. **Open-mindedness i**s our bridge to the experience of others. It is the passageway out of loneliness into the life of the Spirit.
 - 6. **Willingness** to try is the beginning of doing our part. However grand or humble that might be, it is a state of readiness replacing depression and anxiety.
 - 7. **Faith** is the evidence of our trust in God. True faith is the result of surrender coupled with experience that God can and will do for us if we ask for help.
- 8. **Tolerance** is knowing the other person has the same spirit in them as us and being curious about what that spirit is trying to do.
- 9. **Patience** is taking time for things to move into place without force or breakage.
- 10. **Humility** is knowing the importance of doing our part well and being open to the many forms of help required for a full and abundant life.
- 11. **Unconditional love** is given where we sense our spirit in another human being.
- 12. **Sharing and caring** is the active and passive forms of love that keeps us alive and allowing god to use us as instruments.

Principles are the language of miracles. Increasing our language ability 1 helps us make the right choices. Our minds often play tricks on us, due to 2 our disease, and we use spiritual principles as guidelines out of the tricks. 3 These principles can be mimicked but unspiritual people lack certain 4 characteristics associated with spiritual growth. We each have to reach a 5 point of surrender to enter the state we call 'recovery.' In NA, we have our 6 own spiritual awakening, and this gives us our own evidence of the reality 7 of the God of our understanding. We have to have our own miracles for 8 spirituality to be real to us. Without principles, it is easy to fall back into 9 our comfortable rationales where most of the world is wrong and we, poor 10 isolated victims, are lost in a world of fools. We learn to create words to 11 describe what is going on in our hearts so others can help us and so we can 12 help ourselves. Recovery is getting back with humanity. 13

Spiritual growth is discovering ways to put principles into action. To grow 14 spiritually requires three things: surrender, learning, and practice. We have 15 found that maintaining our spiritual condition is the best safeguard against 16 relapse. Our spiritual condition determines the quality of our life. 17 Regardless of our station in life, it is possible to achieve a great state of 18 mind and spirit. Many of our members spend a great deal of time in our 19 meetings and functioning as part of our active service structure. Others go 20 about their business in good faith and show their gratitude for recovery through personal service. Personal service is helping addicts seeking 22 recovery. 23

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As we grow in recovery, unanticipated differences of viewpoint develop from newly acquired information. When we begin to apply it, we discover ways to reconcile what we have learned with what we have known before the situations around us. Pretending that these differences don't exist will ensure that they dominate us. Secrets have great power. We see this happen in any area of our lives where we are not free to openly discuss our feelings. While it may be a simple matter to resolve in open discussion, when we won't even admit something is wrong, it takes on the enduring quality of stone. Until we found recovery, the inability to come out into the open with living problems has kept addicts in prisons of their own making. Just the

- fact that there are others who share our concerns, sets us free from feeling
- that we are alone. 2

- The Twelve Principles listed in the Fourth Chapter of the Basic Text, 3
- Narcotics Anonymous, are the keys to joining the steps with the traditions.
- It is easier to avoid the pitfalls that come with practicing a spiritual way of 5
- life against the stains of everyday reality. Too often good members have 6
- been pitted against one another where they have common cause in staying 7
- clean and helping others. Many times, simple misunderstandings have 8
- grown into grave conflicts entirely disproportionate to the original issues. 9
- Stubbornness and close-mindedness prolong conflict. Communication must 10
- intervene lest nature take its course. 11
- In keeping with our growth as a Fellowship and the spiritual nature of our 12 program of recovery, it must be noted that we cannot serve two masters. We 13
 - are spiritual first, and everything else second. We cannot allow the forces
- of worldly concerns to erode our spiritual love and caring. We want to 15
- maintain our sensitivity and sincerity as our worldwide Fellowship grows. 16
- If we are to survive the incredible and emotional strains of our growth, we 17
- will always have to look to our roots to remain on sound spiritual ground. 18
- These roots have to do with the memories we each have of the excitement 19
- and happiness we felt when we finally realized that NA could indeed grant 20
- us a new life. There, experiences put us all on equal ground in service as 21
- well as in recovery. They are our reference point for understanding what 22
- and why we do what we do the way we do it. 23
- One thing that will doom us to stagnation in recovery is an attitude of 24
- indifference towards spiritual principles. When we are young in recovery, 25
- the world is full of uncertainty and discovery. We are forced to summon our 26 inner reserves to learn about getting clean and staying clean. We are really
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- trying and really listen to what others have to say. We read spiritual 28
- literature and expect to find new answers to help us reorient ourselves to the 29 clean life. When we think we know the answers, we float into indifference. 30
- We know we don't really know all the answers, but we have been clean a 31
- while and there is no one to tell us to get real anymore. Intolerance is when 32
- we do the same thing to other people. We discount the fact that they are 33

clean and trying, even in difficulty, to make sense of their lives and find their way out of their traps.

Instead of floating in a sea of uncertainty, we can begin moving forward in 3 directions of our choice. Many lost dreams have only waited in the darkness of our memories. Many times, we will find ourselves waking up to 5 rediscover forgotten feelings or lost goals that had become impossible in 6 active addiction. Principles are what guide us around the pitfalls and away 7 from the thin ice where reality cannot support us. We get on an honest 8 footing with reality and it supports us. If there were really something terrible 9 out there, waiting to get us, it has surely had its chance. We find that we 10 have to act on the opportunity in front of us on a daily or moment-by-11 moment basis to be able to see ahead to the next opportunity. If we do not 12 do what's in front of us, we feel ourselves falling behind. If this happens, 13 all we have to do is ask the God of our understanding for help to get back 14 on the recovery road. Principles give us words to describe functional parts 15 of our new reality. They all come from a spiritual focus inside our being. 16 Without this focus, the principles fall back into being mere words without 17 the spiritual force, like a candle without a flame. It is scary to experience 18 this. 19

We all find we need help. This is what we do in our meetings when we get beyond withdrawal and the obsession to use is lifted from us. Most all NA members can remember times when the program seemed unreal, unsafe and uncertain. They got past the crisis and continued going to meetings and found their objections were just one more effort to return to active addiction.

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Enrichment describes the way members bring their current personal experience into the rooms of NA to share what they are finding with others. This stops short of endorsing outside issues, but valid experience is what keeps NA alive and growing. We carry our program with us into any area of our new lives. What we discover is brought back and shared with other members and may become part of the spoken or written body of the material we all draw in recovery. This way any experience any of us has that encourages or enhances an addict's chance of staying clean or living a better life gets taken into our meetings and shared out to those who may find it

useful. This does not mean that we tell members to go to our therapist, our

church, or another support group. We can share what we learned there and

how it interested us or helped us in our recovery. The process of twelve-3

step recovery is amazingly resilient and absorptive of this sort of input.

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From the computer field we hear, "Information overload equals pattern 5 perception." A member might share some pain and anger from childhood 6 that came out in a group therapy session. It is absurd that this member 7 wouldn't say where the event took place. We can share these things without 8 endorsing outside enterprises or expressing opinions on outside issues. The 9 10

world is our preserve in recovery. No door is closed to us, why then would

we shut ourselves in unless we were fearful, once again, of losing control.

The principles we explore in this chapter relate both to the Twelve Steps and the Twelve Traditions. There was an old idea that behind each NA step and Tradition was a common principle. The idea is that the individual expression of the principle is in the step and the collective expression is in the Tradition. Admission of our addiction and the foundation of our common welfare both rest on our hope...

PRINCIPLE ONE

HOPE

"Hope is to faith as desire is to willingness."

Since our origins as a program and Fellowship, one common element 21

provided for our common welfare: hope. Hope for recovery. Hope that the

obsession will someday be lifted. Hope that the program is for real. Hope

that things will start making sense. Hope for ourselves and others. When

an addict attends an NA meeting and hears a message of hope, their ability

to admit their need for help begins. Hope is catching, in a sense, and can

be transmitted by spiritual interaction.

Hope is to desire something reasonable and attainable. The desire for 28

recovery was unreasonable and unattainable for us until we found NA.

- 1 Those who have gone before us had this desire and it is the same desire for
- 2 recovery that makes us members today. Hope keeps us alive and vital as a
- 3 Fellowship. Hope wards off negativity and apathy. While hope may seem
- 4 intangible to some, its effects are profoundly visible. You can tell by
- 5 looking at someone that they are hopeful. It is at the head of our list of
- 6 spiritual principles because with hope, problems don't seem
- 7 insurmountable. Anticipation of things getting better can be the beginning
- 8 of fulfillment.
- 9 We know when we feel hopeless; solutions are apt to appear distant and
- unlikely. A lot of us in NA learn to give and receive hope from one
- another at the onset of our recovery. When we feel hopeful, our sense of
- security, optimism and self-reliance eliminate many of our concerns and
- help us deal with the rest. On the other hand, hopelessness breeds despair
- and the simplest things can seem overwhelming. As a principle, hope
- becomes something to be treasured. Like any treasure, there are those who
- would steal what they could have honestly. As a fundamental part of our
- 17 recovery, NA members are asked to avoid any act that would threaten to
- dampen or extinguish hope in the hearts of our members.
- 19 Hopelessness has its hallmarks also. Dejection, despair, desperation,
- despondency, discouragement can result in an incapacity for hope. When
- we feel these things in recovery, we learn to realize spiritual principles are
- being violated in some way that affects us. In this way, principles may
- 23 guide us out of our hopelessness.
- Policies ensuring every member is capable of having a voice in NA have
- been a part of our Traditions and Service Structure since we first began to
- 26 grow as a Fellowship. In the early seventies, dreams began which were
- 27 realized by the creation of our World Service Conference in 1975. Even in
- our earliest days, the efforts to begin and carry the NA message were
- 29 almost entirely dependent on the hope that a better way was possible for
- addicts. The value of the hope offered by these 'open door' policies was
- made apparent by a series of efforts where the 'door' was closed to all but
- a few. The failure of these efforts and the feelings of hopelessness among
- the many waiting on the few, proved to be a severe test for our Fellowship.

- We can withstand some adversity because it is familiar ground for most of
- 2 us. To have our sense of hope and assurance threatened not only dampens
- our spirits but can lead to a sense of utter abandonment a dangerous
- 4 place for recovering addicts. Hope allows us to take our first Step, though
- 5 it may be so small as to go almost unnoticed. Hope allows us to make the
- 6 surrenders we each must face if we are to grow in recovery. Hope is also
- 7 the basis of our First Tradition. We would have no common welfare
- 8 without hope.
- 9 As our trust, confidence, and faith grows, so does our sense of hope.
- Exploitation of our members, falsification of minutes and reports,
- controlled elections and manipulations of group conscience have caused
- many of our members to lose hope. In this sense, hope as a principle may
- give some of us the clarity we need to avoid doing these things when they
- may seem desirable or important. Blindness to the effects of our actions on
- others makes talk of God and hope seem unimportant and unrealistic at the
- times when we need help the most.
- 17 There are at least two ways to learn this lesson: give in to the temptation
- and violate spiritual principles or avoid violating our structure and its
- principles. It is easy to do one and requires great faith to do the other.
- 20 Where we fall into error, a public Tenth Step among our membership, is
- the best way to stop the disorder and gain the forgiveness we need from
- others. The Tenth Step puts closure on the harm done. Rule breaking
- 23 always risks harming others and should be avoided by earnest study and
- 24 meditation.
- 25 Where hope and a sense of purpose prevails, we addicts begin to learn
- 26 feelings long lost to most of us through our active addiction. At times, we
- 27 may feel almost too buoyant, too enthusiastic. Our aspirations may exceed
- what is possible for us yet often in recovery today's dream is tomorrow's
- reality. Without a dream, we may have no tomorrow. A sense of hope
- allows us to discuss matters that may be unpleasant or make us
- uncomfortable. When disorders occur, we suffer until we get back to the
- NA way: Steps, Traditions, and Principles. Hope helps us surrender to the
- 1st Step.

One addict shares simply: "Hope is a small word but a big thing, and if it wasn't shown to me through NA, I think I might have died."

PRINCIPLE TWO

SURRENDER

"Surrender to the things we cannot change through our own power is a way to get on with our lives. We seek a Higher Power of our own understanding and that becomes our ultimate guide and source of strength."

- 9 Our submission is voluntary and grants immediate relief from antagonism,
- hate, counterplotting, rivalry, and all the ways we are otherwise at cross
- purposes with life. Surrender is positive for us because we have hope, and
- many others to turn to, whatever our dilemma. We do not barter good
- treatment for non-using. Where new members have gotten that impression,
- they get loaded as soon as something does not go their way. We need to
- carefully explain to newcomers that our 1st Step means we acknowledge
- we cannot use regardless of events or the actions of other people.
- Surrender is a personal event. It is the beginning of personal
- 18 responsibility.

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- In keeping with our NA 12 Steps and 12 Traditions, it becomes obvious
- that the recovery process of Narcotics Anonymous won't work without an
- 21 individual capacity for surrender. Surrender qualifies as a principle in its
- own right. Surrendered, recovering addicts are the most tangible part of
- our common welfare. The principle of surrender can guide us when we
- don't know what to do. Without surrender to our powerlessness, we are
- 25 catapulted back into our disease.
- When we try to participate in NA services without a capacity for spiritual
- surrender, we find it impossible to make or maintain conscious contact
- with our Higher Power. Without our Higher Power to strengthen and guide
- us, we set about trying to do service as if it were a business. This business
- would retail merchandise to our members like they were customers. NA

- members build this program, service its needs, and direct world services.
- 2 Service is simple with the help of a loving God. Otherwise, we quickly
- 3 find ourselves lost in a sea of paperwork, reports and personalities.
- 4 Responsibility to other service bodies can interfere with the direct
- 5 responsibility we all have to our group. Without this sense of
- 6 responsibility to directly inform, respect, and listen to what our members
- 7 want, service degenerates into personal rivalry.
- 8 We find ourselves on opposite sides of imaginary boundaries, cut off from
- 9 those who have helped us, unable to ask for help and clinging to the
- struggle to be right. NA is a practical program of working principles. Our
- addiction can build traps for us, even in recovery. One great old timer
- remarked, "There are three things an addict needs to live: food, shelter,
- and someone to blame it on."
- 14 Trying to do service as part of our Twelfth Step without spiritual
- assistance, we become miserable, confused, unhappy, and resentful. All
- the beauty and freshness of recovery fades and service opportunities
- become a series of chores. Surrender allows us to look at the bright side at
- any given point. The principles that gave us power to escape from our
- addiction slide neatly into place and things begin to make sense again.
- Our desperation fades and we gain the ability to see the long view on a
- daily basis! Our sense of attachment to obsessive ideas and our personal
- preferences are once again mixed in with the ideas and preferences of
- others. The sense of win or lose is replaced with a continuum of thought,
- feeling, and interaction with others. We are never alone. As our fear
- decreases, our sense of purpose and the ability to laugh at ourselves
- 26 returns.
- 27 Those unable to carry their recovery into their service can be hard
- workers, brilliant tacticians, and convincing speakers. Oftentimes, their
- efforts have provided benefits to our Fellowship that we have accepted
- graciously. We know as no one else can how the disease of addiction can
- 31 drive addicts.

- We need only to be loving, kind and gentle in the face of those who cannot
- 2 surrender their self-will. We may have to be especially firm about
- maintaining correct policies and procedures. Those who have yet to
- 4 surrender in the sense of this principle do not yet believe God can restore
- 5 them to sanity and will try to get better results by applying money,
- 6 willpower and manipulations of group conscience.
- 7 Rewriting guidelines should only be done when there are serious problems
- 8 with the existing guidelines. Otherwise, it is prudent to follow the guides
- 9 for several reasons. One is to let people know your service is self-less and
- you are surrendered enough to follow the guides. Casual rewriting of
- guidelines is a symptom of a committee without faith. Major rewrites
- indicate either an inability to study, or the presumption that prior
- committees failed to embed working principles that both get the job done
- and adhere to our spiritual nature. All our major achievements in NA have
- been the result of courage, faith, and a willingness to work with others for
- the common good. Our periods characterized by excessive preoccupation
- with guidelines have been infertile and indicate an unclear sense of
- purpose. Concern is focused not so much on what we can do to help
- addicts, but how we go about it. This brings personal preferences into
- sharper focus than the object of our service to help others. The resulting
- 21 conflicts have deadened the service initiative and little service gets
- 22 through to those we serve.
- Guidelines can only point the way for an inspired service body to do
- something for the benefit of others. Guidelines can never take the place of
- people. Changes have to be made in a structurally correct manner if they
- are to be successful in 'guiding' us. Otherwise, they are seen as attempts
- to make rules for others rather than offer assistance charted from
- successful personal experience. Service committees cannot function
- 29 without knowledge of what their contributions will mean, and how they
- will fit into NA as a whole.
- No sensible person can work in a situation where the rules are changed
- without consultation. There are too many ways to serve in NA for our
- members to waste precious time trying to serve on a committee that cannot

- maintain internal order and adherence to the principle of direct
- 2 responsibility to the Fellowship. Layering is a term to describe committee
- 3 systems that become cut loose from their roots in the Fellowship. They
- 4 float and attempt to perpetuate one another through responding to one
- 5 another more than to the Fellowship. The same thing plagues other
- 6 organizations of any description.
- 7 We should never allow ourselves to be deluded into thinking good
- 8 guidelines will replace good people and principled actions. In Twelve Step
- 9 service, we surrender to the Fellowship's will as we surrender to the God
- of our understanding in recovery. We have in our early years seen what
- happens when members proceed on faith, and function within their
- guidelines. Even against great odds, they succeeded. Those who tried to
- introduce policies and procedures through trickery have consistently failed
- to please this Fellowship. There always comes a time when the 'cat gets
- out of the bag.' Committees that have become obsessed with changing
- their guides have found, or at least shown others, that the real work of the
- 17 Fellowship languished undone. Without faulting others or casting blame,
- we NA's finally saw the truth of the matter: That we are miracles and so
- are our service efforts. In the world of miracles, there is little need for ego
- 20 and much need for God. For those who have experienced this realization,
- surrender has become a key principle in their service. Service is based on
- our Twelfth Step awakening. When we get a high percentage of people
- new to recovery, we will be inconvenienced for a while. This is not a good
- time to vote on major changes of policy.
- As soon as the rush for political support and competition for key service
- positions wears off, we have noticed that the secrets become known.
- 27 Perhaps members knew all along, but their voices were drowned out. The
- posturing slumps and clean-up process begins. Members who have the
- deep love and dedication will be on hand to help. We pick up the pieces
- and help members bond into a great and loving Fellowship. Surrender as a
- principle allows us to go on and do our part. Whatever the service season
- happens to be, we get all the help we need from a loving God.

- We can see clearly that the need to manage and control stems from fear of
- losing control. We have seen members get hurt when changes took place
- 3 too quickly. By working to keep members informed of all sides of a
- subject, they can be asked to express their will without the strain and
- 5 tension or rushing things. Active listening and clearly formulated efforts to
- take the fears and concerns of others seriously in a prayerful manner
- allows us to give assistance when asked. We can serve in this manner.
- 8 Those who attempt to govern us deserve our patience and understanding
- but not our tolerance. If we tolerate improper acts, we become participants
- in those acts. We have not come through our entire painful struggle to
- behave as if we lacked good sense. Even if it is uncomfortable and there
- seems to be no one else to speak out, take up for your principles and state
- your views clearly. You may be the one God chooses to use as an
- instrument that day. If necessary, write out your feelings and request time
- to read them to the group involved. Once you've been recognized and had
- your say with each person who might need to hear it, let go of it and tend
- to your recovery. Surrender allows us to do what we can do and frees us
- 18 from trying to do what we cannot.
- When we see others in pain that are maintaining their composure and
- struggling to use spiritual principles instead of reverting to their old ways,
- 21 it gives us courage. Degeneration sets in as soon as we stop telling the
- 22 truth and doing the things we need to do to maintain our spiritual way of
- living. For many of us, pain has become all too familiar and we have to
- 24 adapt a "happiness habit" to overcome our tendency to be morose and
- 25 downcast.
- Wherever we need peace, it can come almost instantly if we apply
- 27 acceptance. Peace is a state where we remain totally free to do what we
- can. We don't have to bother with concerns and issues that are in fact
- beyond our ability. We hope that we'll be ready when things get better. It
- takes a lot of energy to perpetuate a lie, but truth perpetuates itself.

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ACCEPTANCE

"Acceptance allows evasion and denial to be replaced by reality and peace. With the care of God, we are granted the power to welcome new people and new ideas into our lives."

- 6 Through ongoing recovery, we all find our addiction trying to regain
- 7 control of our lives through the weakest point in our personal program.
- 8 We may find ourselves, without warning, caught up in substitution an
- 9 extension of our basic addiction. It may be obsessive food, sex, vomiting,
- gambling or any number of combinations.
- 11 The acceptance we find in the Third Step and the simplification of our
- requirements for membership to its most basic desire for freedom, stress
- the surrender and the hope we ourselves felt as newcomers. We constantly
- strive to accept life in life's terms and avoid pre-occupying ourselves with
- blaming others. Even if there are others involved, we must find a way to
- better our situation and the key to doing that is personal responsibility.
- 17 The belief that our Higher Power had taken control of our lives and our
- wills allows us to take acceptance into every part of our lives. In short, the
- word 'acceptance' expands through application into something we do
- 20 almost habitually. Acceptance becomes a working principle in our lives.
- On several levels, acceptance helps us both in personal recovery and
- service to others. On one level, we know the Fellowship got along before
- we came and will continue with or without us. Service can be no ego trip
- unless we want the pain the ego brings with its limitations. On another
- level, we can feel the spirit moving through us. Sometimes it can be
- 26 frightening even though we know it is loving it's so big. We just accept
- 27 and do our part in faith. This is the absolute best any of us can do
- 28 personally.
- 29 Acceptance, as a principle, can be a doorway to solutions by applying a
- small amount of pressure in the place that holds the door shut. Rather than
- breaking down or prying open the doors, it is a key that unlocks them non-

- destructively. Since real acceptance tunes us into reality, we waste less
- time, energy and emotion trying to do things beyond our personal power.
- 3 This extra time and energy becomes available to help us do better in those
- 4 areas of our lives where we find we are able to be effective. Imagine, if
- 5 you had an extra half an hour to talk with those you love or an extra half-
- 6 day to do your job. Our capacity for quality increases when we're less
- 7 concerned with quantity.
- 8 As we grow spiritually, we find others will react differently to us. Some
- 9 may become jealous. We learn not to flaunt our spirituality. Our
- acceptance may infuriate someone who wants us upset. Many times, we
- will experience the feeling that we have done something wrong only to
- find out someone is trying to manipulate our emotions. It's amazing what
- you can see when you wake up in recovery! Many of our old reactions
- simply don't give us what we need. When someone tries to help us, we
- accept it. We don't retaliate with negative emotion and violence to cover
- up the fact that we may need help. They are not trying to put us down or
- make us feel less than they are. We learn to just accept the help and be
- grateful. As we change, the world around us appears to change. We all
- 19 have certain capabilities. There is nothing that we can do that cannot be
- 20 undone by simply speeding up until we can no longer do it. At the same
- time, we could do many things if we just slowed down and paid a little
- more attention. Recovery allows us the time and opportunity to do this
- with the help of others who have a stake in our recovery through their
- 24 identification with us.
- 25 Acceptance of what God chooses to do with our will and life after we
- 26 make our decision to let go, enjoins us to help make the way plain only to
- those who ask for help in some way. A phone call from someone who
- 28 knows we are a member, a coincidental encounter or a person who shows
- up at an NA meeting is open to help. We have realized the vanity of trying
- to carry our message to those who do not want it.
- Acceptance taken to the level of a principle also requires that we check out
- our facts and pray to make sure we know what we're accepting! While
- serenity applies to those things we cannot change, it takes courage and

- wisdom for those things we can help make better. Many of us ask, "What
- 2 would God have me do?' in a variety of situations. Often, an unsuspected
- 3 opportunity appears to us. Though the word acceptance may have a
- 4 connotation of resignation, impotence, compromise and other meanings
- for many of us, recovery places acceptance in its positive form. It is
- 6 honest. For addicts who are accustomed to throwing themselves at the
- world it is a new wisdom to be able to back off. It is also a new choice.
- 8 As addicts, we seem to have an innate tendency to find closed doors and
- 9 brick walls to butt with our heads. Acceptance can be a way of going on,
- opening ourselves to God's Will when a door is closed to us. For the time
- being, acceptance can be seen in a far more positive light where we are
- repeatedly put into positions where we are forced to face some challenge
- or demand. Many of us grow in recovery to be able to meet these
- challenges and satisfy them in every way. In our war with life, we often
- take a characteristic exception to things. Learning to live with ease and
- comfort may be a process of learning to be more accepting of things.
- 17 Accepting newcomers as members whether they act right to us or not.
- 18 Accepting that if God's truly running the show, many things cease to be
- our business. Accepting a genuine love of life back into our scheme of
- things. Accepting that what may appear frightening to us is as nothing to
- our loving God. Accepting that others may think, act and believe
- 22 differently from us and still be good people, not a threat to us. Accepting
- that, as addicts we simply suffer from a disease and that daily abstinence
- 24 and spiritual growth are the most important items on any given day.
- 25 Acceptance in time may mellow into gratitude. It seems that without
- 26 gratitude, grateful acceptance, we never come to rest and have a tough
- time going on in the spiritual sense. As long as we are rooted in things, we
- are tied to them. When we realize that our needs are being met, somewhat
- regardless of our worthiness, we can take the option to slow down
- whatever we are doing and do it better.

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HONESTY

"Honesty is the ability to match up our insides with our outsides. It allows what we don't care about to go away and what we really want to appear and develop in our lives."

- Getting honest and learning to live openly with ourselves, God and others 6 is such a big part of recovery, it becomes a general principle through 7 constant application. Like the other spiritual principles that guide us in 8 recovery, it tells us what to do in situations that may be turning points. The 9 problem areas may be opportunities that require spiritual principles for 10 solution. By applying spiritual principles, like honesty, we automatically 11 make ourselves as more trustworthy, a better friend and a reliable human 12 being. Since like attracts like, we can be honest enough for it to become 13 our normal thing to do: an acquired learning that becomes habitual. When 14 this happens, we can move in circles reserved for those who play by the 15 rules. 16
- For most of us, our admission of powerlessness over our addiction is the first honesty we've been certain of in quite a while. As we come to realize that we are loved and respected for our honesty, we can come to other truths about ourselves.
- Certainly, an addict in recovery is going through a series of struggles to overcome the habits we acquire in active addiction. Those of our members who have achieved long periods of total abstinence and spiritual growth share the fact that each release from the chains of our disease places new demands for personal, spiritual honesty on us. Each trust bond formed is a new chance to betray. Like the other forms our disease takes, we learn to make the correct choice. Our choices bring us out of fear, denial and
- hopelessness. None of us are perfect yet through the power of the Twelve Steps, we are gradually able to face life on life's terms.
- Honesty as a principle, as a new habitual tool we utilize to deal with things as they come up, protects us in recovery and fleshes out the dead portions

- of our lives. The help of other members, a good sponsor and a home group
- 2 eases our way considerably.
- 3 Many of us have 'traded off' different forms of honesty. If we were sick
- and hurting inside, we might parade a great show of paid bills and cash
- 5 register honesty. We divert attention away from our emotional dishonesty
- and pain. Then we pretend the program has let us down! If we have been
- 7 more open about our thievery, we may treasure certain rationalizations
- 8 about why we do these things, exhibiting great care and dexterity to shift
- 9 blame for our offenses onto someone else. We only need to do this as long
- as we are helpless to change. As soon as we can admit our desire for
- change, we can begin to laugh at ourselves and stop pretending that we
- didn't know what we were doing. Most of us knew, we just didn't know
- any better. Our ability to make ourselves miserable with faulty logic is
- 14 almost incredible.

- Honesty, as a principle, tells us to turn away from lies and falsehoods; to
- turn towards reality and get used to using the new power recovery brings.
- 17 If we honestly don't like our jobs, we change jobs. If we have amends we
- need to make, we become willing and make them. If we're not happy in
- our associations or relationships, we use the power of a loving God and
- 20 find a way to become happy.
- Awareness in itself is not honesty, but it is a prerequisite. As we slowly
- become aware of our actions and feelings and their consequences, we need
 - to be honest about our motivations. We can fool others, but we can't
- 24 afford to fool ourselves. As we become more aware of our actions, we
- begin to realize that the self-awareness is indeed the key to our recovery.
- Awareness allows us to identify with what is going on around us. Our first
- step is the first honest admission many of us have made in a while. This
- 28 kind of honesty gives us the ability to question our initial ideas and
- feelings and look beyond them. By being open-minded, we can allow
- others to plant the seed of awareness in us, blossoming into honesty.
- Dazed and out of step with the world of non-addicts, we began to live
- private fearful lives. We would not reveal ourselves to others as we came

- to expect personal rejection. This prevented our forming trust bonds and
- 2 increased our isolation. Getting to know someone new or someone who
- didn't use the way we did was a serious threat.
- 4 Surrender is critical for self-honesty. Surrender is to concede without
- 5 reservations; to unconditionally accept reality. When we surrender, and
- 6 really get honest, we realize that we are powerless not only over our
- addiction but over many other aspects of our lives as well. We become
- 8 open-minded to new possibilities and ideas beyond our self-centeredness.
- 9 We accept the fact that we have a disease, and that our best thinking got us
- here. This new attitude gives us the ability to question our initial ideas and
- look beyond them. Surrender results in freedom, ego-erasure and God-
- centeredness, as opposed to self-centeredness.

- 13 When we come to NA, we enter a society where spiritual principles are
- valued. As we grow to want what others in recovery have, we become
- willing to adopt these principles. We have the desire to be honest before
- we may actually have the ability. Our need for acceptance, and to be a part
- of what we want to identify with around us, leads us. We are attracted to
- this way of life. Our approval seeking behavior can help us move towards
- recovery. Later on, we may get into honesty for honesty's sake.
- Desire and willingness must go hand in hand if we are to recover. If we
- have the desire to change, and we exercise the willingness to do so, then
- we will succeed. Our desire and willingness for honesty are fueled by our
- 23 need for self-love and nurturing. Our desire to practice honesty grows
- 24 when we see the direct benefits in our lives. The desire to take risks and be
- 25 honest becomes less fearful. As we continue to do things that feel right,
- our desire grows. The willingness to act honestly and responsibly comes
 - when we take action. When we're all jammed up, and we scream "Help
- me, what do I do?" We call our sponsors. They inevitably ask, "Are you
- willing to get real about this?" Getting real means getting honest. When
- we get real, we get to choose whether we go on as we are or make some
- changes. It is no longer necessary to live in procrastination and inaction.

- 1 Unavoidable pain and hardship may accompany us as we grow. We learn
- 2 to focus on growth with gratitude and stop giving energy to the pain. We
- 3 learn to ask for help a thousand ways and help comes through each in
- 4 time. Through the Steps, we discover the things we've been doing to cause
- our problems and are relieved of the necessity to pursue them any longer.
- 6 We learn the rules of responsibility and try to avoid injuring others
- 7 through our actions or inaction.
- 8 As we experience personality change for ourselves, our goals change. We
- 9 find money and possessions are meaningless if we don't feel good about
- ourselves. Sex is not only empty without love, it can be life threatening. A
- good reputation triggers self-destructiveness if our insides don't match our
- outsides.
- 13 As these changes take place, we are experiencing revitalization on every
- level: mental, physical, and spiritual. We don't get involved with plots
- because we don't like what plots bring. We don't allow authority figures
- to make us break laws, legal or moral. As we blink our way into the world
- of personal responsibility, we come to see the futility of scheming and
- manipulating others. Perhaps others can take chances. If we want the clean
- life and freedom from guilt, despair and embarrassment, we will not
- 20 knowingly do wrong. Sadly, we know if no one else is aware of our
- wrongdoing, we ourselves are witnesses, and we know how to punish
- ourselves.
- 23 An honest mistake, even an intentional mistake where we were
- temporarily blinded to the negative effects can be amended. Our disease is
- such that amends making is a survival skill. Amends need to be made
- quickly once an error has become known to us. We ask our higher power
- for strength and guidance. We do what must be done to correct the wrong.
- We trust and have faith we will be guided. Often, we find ourselves in
- need of the basics that personally helped us get clean and stay clean in the
- first place to restore our sense of balance.

"Open-mindedness is our bridge to the experience of others. It is the passageway out of loneliness into the life of the Spirit."

- 5 Fear and guilt keep us from doing what we can do today. Both limit us and
- 6 prevent us from re-experiencing past pain. Our pain has taught us to avoid
- 7 situations where we have failed. Are the limitations of the past really
- 8 protecting us? Or are they merely carry-overs from our active addiction
- 9 and early recovery?
- Open-mindedness becomes a key principle in recovery because it is
- something we can do on a daily basis that can provide both the
- opportunity and break we need to grow at the same time. We literally give
- ourselves a break when we check our past limitations by attempting to do
- things that we have rightfully associated with failure in the past.
- We're not living in the past, unless we make that choice! By choosing to
- be open-minded, we can exert our willingness to try and see what happens.
- Sometimes, the failure will set in immediately and we will need to draw
- back. Practice and repetition will surprise us often enough to reward our
- efforts. We are not the people we once were. Our minds clear, our
- 20 memories begin to function properly and our ability to act meaningfully
- increases. If our range of action doesn't increase as time goes by, we will
- be one of those who say, "Recovery isn't paying off. Im not changing!"
- 23 This very dissatisfaction can be used for positive change. We can snap out
- of it, and say to ourselves, "OK, I'm going to get with the program and
- change my life!" Admission of our disease, coming to believe in a Higher
- Power and turning ourselves over to the care of a Loving God is a damn
- 27 good start! The negativity of our self-assessment is gone in the moment of
- 28 real surrender.
- Well, guess who is in charge of your recovery? If we are not willing to
- step out on faith occasionally, we have no way of changing except dumb
- luck. Fortunately, we even get a little of that occasionally. With open-

- mindedness, we can sit and think about something without the urgency to
- 2 jump to conclusions or apply narrow limitations on what we surface in our
- 3 minds.
- 4 The underlying fear that if we don't keep our thoughts and feelings in
- strict control we will relapse or go out of control, ceases to apply. We
- 6 transfer control of our wills and lives to the care of a loving God of our
- 7 understanding. How else can we experience the miraculous nature of
- 8 recovery? If we have come this far without consciously realizing the
- 9 miracles we are given, we are living under a cloud and should pray for its
- removal. A great part of our freedom is in our increasing ability to just
- listen, just read, just observe. We all get to choose whether we want to add
- something to our living and thinking, wait a while or simply decline the
- matter at hand for the present.
- 14 It is our freedom of spirit to be able to do this a great treasure in itself.
- 15 How different from the old pathways grown up with past pain and despair,
- pathways that got smaller and more confining as our addiction progressed.
- 17 Today, we can entertain new viewpoints and ideas when they come up or
- when we find them through seeking. It is a way of growing.
- 19 Part of the miracle of personality change comes clear to us when in the
- 20 midst of learning how to do something new, we find ourselves snapping
- out of some unpleasant feeling carried over from our using days. New
- understandings help us see past these painful memories and explore the
- present. Another important thing about genuine open-mindedness is being
- 24 able to hold ourselves in check when we need time to think something
- 25 through. We keep doing whatever works for us until the new idea proves
- itself on some feeling level. We can progress steadily. We no longer need
- to flee the present.
- An old NA saying, "If it ain't practical, it ain't spiritual," reminds us to
- keep our recovery real. As we have less guilt about ourselves, we have
- less need for elaborate efforts to make up for our past wrongs. We can
- avail ourselves of common good judgement and check out our ideas with

- our sponsor. In matters of real concern to us, we can seek help through NA
- 2 in many ways.
- 3 If we are upset, emotional or overly concerned about anything, we learn to
- 4 suspend action, pray and seek out a member who understands our situation
- and has personal experience to share with us. It is through surrender, faith
- 6 and inventorying ourselves, not the other persons in our lives, that we are
- able to grow. At many points in recovery, we need to remember these
- 8 things because we are going to gain the appearance of power over our
- 9 lives and the lives of others.
- 10 If we cannot remain open-minded and teachable, we will find ourselves
- stagnating and reverting to the games of manipulation and control. There
- is a difference between discipline and control. Control deadens because it
- offers no choice and lack of having a say in our lives is killing to our
- 14 spirits.
- Discipline allows us to cultivate our lives by exploring the meanings of
- words like: training, moderation, restraint, concentration, caution and
- forbearance. We are free to avoid the excesses that lead to much of our
- pain and guilt. We can develop habits of conduct and methods of
- preparing ourselves before we get into something instead of floundering
- from one crisis to another. Caution and discretion will become functional
- parts of our living rather than elaborate reactions to the ordinary events of
- 22 life.
- 23 As order and balance replace the desperation that gave us the desire for
- recovery in the first place, open-mindedness takes on another important
- function. We use openness as a form of enlivening our daily awareness.
- There is always something happening and yet if we are not careful, we'll
- walk out the door on some sunny day and see nothing but rain clouds. Our
- 28 addiction will sell us that our hard-won ease and comfort is boring and
- 29 uneventful!
- We need to be as able as a newcomer to renew our spirituality on a daily
- basis. We have to find things to be glad about and express our gratitude

- for it to have a real effect in our lives. We have to find our errors and
- 2 amend them to prevent the buildup of negative feelings that if left
- unattended, will fill us with foreboding and worry. We have to step out on
- 4 faith and do something new occasionally. These things weren't necessary
- 5 in a life filled with compulsion and obsession. Our disease kept us
- 6 running. Clean, we have to learn how to be sensible and explore living on
- 7 a new basis.

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PRINCIPLE SIX

WILLINGNESS

"Willingness to try is the beginning of doing our part. However grand or humble that might be, it is a state of readiness replacing depression and anxiety."

- 13 The drive for personal gain in all its forms is based on a fear of
- insufficiency. Past a reasonable point, this drive becomes obsessive and
 - can create problems. In our pasts, we were always losing things and
- replacement was a constant nagging problem. Our constant efforts to find
 - and get more of the chemicals that had us enslaved created a lack of living
- skills we may need to regain in recovery.
- 19 When desperation born of obsessive need and compulsive usage of drugs
- against our will is removed, what is left to drive us? How do we manage?
 - What is important enough to us now to keep us going? When our lives are
- washed clean of the more conspicuous aspects of our addiction, what do
- we do? Do we become addicted to people, places and things? Do we
- substitute cravings for money, property and the good opinion of others in
- place of the old obsessions? Do we trade one obvious form of addiction
- for another that may be harder to detect as a living problem?
- 27 Many, many of us have done this. Recovery from the disease of addiction
- hasn't been around long enough for all the repercussions to be taken into
- 29 account. One thing seems safe enough to advance at this point though:
- swapping addictions won't work. Real freedom consists of being able to

- live without fear and pain. In NA, we stress constantly that spiritual
- 2 principles are necessary for ongoing recovery.
- 3 A lot of us grow complacent after the initial thrill of being drug free wears
- off. We want more. We isolate ourselves and hide our feelings from others
- 5 perhaps through a misguided fear of disapproval or maybe we're letting
- our addiction guide us into another pathway the disease is known to take.
- 7 At times, something needs to shake us into remembering that to recover,
- we go deeper and deeper into the spiritual principles beginning with
- 9 surrender. Again, and again, we surrender to our need for help. It opens
- 10 the way to growth.
- Willingness is a principle because it allows us to get a grip on the fact that
- before change can occur, we have to give our permission. We have to stop
- holding back inside. We have to relax our personal will with all its
- preconceptions and preferences so we can look at alternatives. When we
- want to select something new in our lives, the choice is up to us. Without
- our willingness, we never get to make the choice and remain tied up in
- many of our past limitations, illusions and habits.
- 18 The capacity to do our part in severing the ties to the past, our personal
- defects of character, brings us to the threshold of a new inner freedom. All
- we can do on our own is become willing to let the God of our
- understanding take over what is otherwise impossible for us.
- Games of acquisition, control, manipulation, sabotage, projection, worry,
- revenge, resentment, blame assessment and character assassination are no
- longer necessary for those in the care of a loving God. The elimination of
- 25 these and other defense mechanisms, frees up enormous amounts of time
- 26 and energy.
- Our willingness is really an extension of our initial surrender. For us to
- come to believe in a power greater than ourselves who can and will take
- care of our wills and our lives, we have to gain some understanding. Our
- old defenses grew up in the isolation, loneliness, despair and feelings of

- worthlessness that are the progression of our disease. A new life comes
- 2 from learning new ways.
- 3 We will learn the infinite power of the truth. We will base our actions and
- 4 goals on the miracles we find in recovery. Most, if not all, recovering
- addicts can remember numerous occasions where the principles of NA and
- 6 recovery just didn't seem adequate. We went forward on faith and found
- our prior fears justified. Crisis after crisis failed to get us loaded or rob us
- 8 of our inner faith and growing convictions. Even where we were forced to
- 9 pay for crimes committed while we were still using, many of our members
- have been able to stay clean through incarceration. Severe medical
- problems have failed to assure relapse where our members were able to
- apply spiritual principles to the obstacles in their paths.
- Money, property and prestige have the power to seduce addicts in
- recovery that may mistake the desire for personal gain for a blessing of
- recovery. Many of us who have sought these things to the exclusion of
- prayer, faith and meditation share in pain and desperation the addictive
- 17 nature of these delusions. Instead of making us happy, they turned out to
- be elaborate, attractive, socially acceptable traps.
- 19 Those who are able to withstand these temptations, succeeded by
- 20 incredible luck or the direct application of spiritual principles. Somehow,
- in their hearts, they remained desirous of more recovery and maintained a
- spiritual way of life.
- 23 The Sixth Tradition points out the danger to recovery that lies in money,
- property and prestige. Excess funds, obsessive accumulation of property
- 25 and a concern with what others think of us threatens our spirituality.
- Where these things are seen as more real or more important than the God
- of our understanding, recovery fails.
- These things ever divide and rarely unite people. Only with great humility,
- patience and tolerance have we survived and grown from the divisive,
- dispiriting effects of money, property, and prestige either as individuals
- or as local Fellowships.

- While some of our guidelines, Traditions and policies of inclusion and openness may have seemed to hamper some of our members, the truth is
- that they only hamper our defects of character! These principles protect
- and to a certain extent assure our common welfare. Just as spiritual principles don't conflict with one another, it is also true that we can't be
- open and honest while being sneaky and manipulative. Where spiritual
- 7 principles fall into disuse and are seen as less important than NA
- 8 "business", it is hard to tell the difference between members of our
- 9 Fellowship and members of outside organizations. The love and spiritual
- empathy are lacking. The preoccupation with making a profit and ensuring
- a paycheck takes precedence over keeping faith with the Fellowship.
- 12 Keeping faith can be made to seem so relative when in fact it is our basic
- 13 building block.

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- 14 Those who put personal concerns ahead of our common welfare should be
- hampered. The willingness to allow God to use you as an instrument is
- crucial for addicts in recovery. Yet, there is a big difference in the quality
- of feelings that come from selfless service as compared to selfish attempts
- to control others. Perhaps the way to tell one from the other is to look for
- signs of surrender as opposed to signs of pushiness.
- Willingness is an applied form of open-mindedness. It is the way we feel
- before we take actions based on faith. As we personally become able to let
 - go of defects through willingness, we are able to put spiritual integrity
- 23 ahead of concerns for money, property and prestige.

PRINCIPLE SEVEN

FAITH

"Faith is evidence of our trust in God. True faith is the result of surrender coupled with experience that God can and will do for us if we ask for help"

Doing for ourselves, frees us and enable us to stand on our own. We used to manipulate others into doing for us. The defects that held us back in life

- are cut away by active surrender to facts, desire for something better and
- 2 the willingness to do our part. Prayer to the God of our understanding to
- 3 remove our shortcomings severs our ties with our old ways.
- 4 As we increase in personal responsibility, we reduce our dependence on
- others. By doing what we can and should do for ourselves we are freed of
- 6 blaming others. Games of manipulation and fear of losing control become
- 7 troublesome and inconvenient when we learn we are free to act directly.
- 8 Before faith, we looked at life in terms of past pain and present failure.
- 9 After gaining faith, we look at life differently. For the first time since
- childhood, the future may begin to hold some charm for us.
- Deceit, falsification and plots are actually unnecessary for those who have
- come to know themselves through faith in a loving God who is able to
- help them. If a person wants their own money, property and prestige, they
- must first discover that they already have some money, some property and
- some prestige. These things may exist in such small quantities that it may
- never occur to us that we could be grateful for them. However, it has been
- our experience that if we aren't grateful for what we have, we will likely
- fail to acknowledge an increase and only long for more. Taking care of
- and being grateful for what we already have is the surest way to get more.
- 20 If we are not taking care of what we have, then the very people who could
- help us will judge us unable to handle more!
- 22 As recovering addicts, we know what happens when we get more than we
- need or can care for: the answer to our prayers is first a burden, then a
- curse. We learn to ask God to remove our shortcomings because we no
- longer want to fall short. We correctly suspect there are better ways to
- meet our needs and can see the sense of letting go our grasp on the old so
- we can reach out for the new. Like our other spiritual principles, faith
- becomes more than a word to us through our own experience and
- 29 application.
- While faith can seem an invisible, internal quality, the results are highly
- visible to those around us. They can see the saddening need for
- justification, placing blame on others and selfish motivation and they can

- see the lack of it. When we realize how we have been standing in the way
- of our own happiness by trying to force out of others what can only be
- 3 given freely, we can begin to reverse the processes that have entrapped us
- and accept ourselves and others as they are. By doing this, we are
- 5 beginning to get real. In reality, we can find ourselves and make contact
- 6 with others without resorting to the games we used to play.
- As we continue on our spiritual journey, we realize that our growth comes
- 8 from changes that occur first inside and later show up in how we think,
- 9 act, feel and speak. As fear lessens, faith increases. While fear constantly
- 10 robs us of time, energy and good feelings, faith rewards us with these
- things. Faith is ordinarily a subject for meetings and personal recovery.
- Since our service positions require some degree of knowledge of our
- 13 Twelve Steps and Traditions, it is worth noting that we are expected to
- 14 apply spiritual principles to our service. We all know of painful periods
- when members forgot the spiritual in service and got so caught up in the
- "business" of NA, all other considerations were set to the side. It has taken
- great faith for us to survive these assaults on our spiritual body. Our
- 18 knowledge of spiritual principles is based in our spiritual condition and
- our progress into the Twelve Steps.
- 20 Unavoidably, we elect people to serve who are in various stages of
- recovery and this actually means that while someone may be comfortable
- with surrender to their disease in general terms, they may be absolutely
- unable to admit fault or gain direction through prayer and meditation.
- 24 Remembering this may help some members show special attention to
- others where politics and personal rivalries come into play.
- 26 It is vital that enough old-timers stay involved to offset the violence of
- 27 personal opinion and rumor mongering that defeat our spiritual aims.
- 28 Many of us are almost totally inexperienced with positive group actions
- 29 and get fearful when violations occur. There are always ways to set things
- right and go on clean. We just have to use the power of spiritual principles
- to maintain order and sound procedures.

- While these problems are usually very simple in origin, there is nothing
- 2 uncomplicated about twenty or fifty addicts full of ego, adrenaline and the
- 3 fear that if their side doesn't win, addicts will die. They'll kill you so
- 4 addicts don't die. If we lose our faith and allow the disease to run our lives
- 5 again, we're in real trouble.
- 6 Only the calmative effect of members who have survived some of these
- situations can point out some positive things, what we're here for and even
- 8 make a few jokes to relieve the tension. It used to be we had little
- 9 historical experience on which to base our policies, much less written
- documents, reports and accumulated minutes going back in some cases
- 11 several decades.
- 12 Today, with God's help, we can again pray, discuss and meditate on things
- that bother us and gain knowledge without having to go through known
- problem areas again! We have found that through faith we are enabled to
- go beyond some of our personal boundaries. Usually, when the facts are
- finally dug out, simple knowledge of what to do in the situation at hand
- comes out at the same time. Sometimes, it takes faith just to get the facts
- 18 straight.
- One acronym for faith is: Feeling As If Trust Heals. Taking these
- 20 ideas on in many forms, helps us first notice, then adopt, new ideas. By
- trusting a loving. caring and forgiving God, we realize that we have been
- empowered to face life and recover. The fears that would paralyze us in
- the past are now small obstacles along our journey. They can be overcome
- 24 with faith. By trusting our God, we surrender our old ideas and begin to
- change.
- Our new way of living has sometimes been uncomfortable, however
- 27 through practicing faith it is also very rewarding. Our old perceptions of
- life changed drastically. Our new perceptions include faith, hope,
- 29 happiness and a positive attitude toward living. Through our belief that
- trust heals we found that God was doing for us what we never could do for
- ourselves.

- 1 As our faith in our Higher Power grew, we began to develop a new form
- of trust. We are able to reach out to the trusting hand of another addict.
- 3 This was very hard for many of us and may have been a slow process. Yet,
- 4 we kept reaching out and giving an addict a piece of our lives that was
- 5 very personal and private. We came to believe that an addict who was
- 6 recovering could also be trusted. We finally had faith and trust in other
- 7 human beings. We finally had friends who loved us unconditionally. Faith
- 8 in God leads us to faith in ourselves and others.

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PRINCIPLE EIGHT

TOLERANCE

"Tolerance is knowing the other person has the same spirit in them as us and being curious about what that spirit is trying to do."

It is one thing to say you care about someone; it is another to sit down and take the time to listen to them. Listening is a powerful tool for helping. Imagining we are writing down what a person is saying is one way to actually hear their voice, and not our own expectation. An amazing number of people know what their answers are; they just don't have anyone who cares. This lack of attention and caring has been recognized as a killer of small children who are overlooked in orphanages or special situations where they don't get enough outside stimulation. Their death is expressed this way, "They fail to thrive." Being social creatures, our need for caring is biological. We need a simple touch or human contact. Spiritual growth cancels out the negative in us and fills us with the positive. Many addicts develop aversions that keep others at a distance. We want to be left alone, though we are lonely. When we begin to feel more secure about ourselves, our fear of others is lessened. It takes time to develop calm. We can withstand bad behavior in others without being drawn into their circle. We lose the fear of being like them. A bad idea is just a bad idea, not a total threat to our existence. Standing apart from old ways, literally as well as metaphorically, we can look at the world and other people in a more open and honest manner. Very often, we will find

our missing parts lying on the ground around our feet. We couldn't find

- them because we never slowed down enough to take a close look. Our
- 2 pain makes us over-react to bad behavior in others.
- 3 In recovery we are constantly developing our ability to tolerate others. We
- 4 learn part of this by developing a tolerance for our own inadequacies. In
- 5 NA, we find the people who can share their pain and growth. We also find
- a lot of people who are going through almost exactly the same things we
- are at any given time. All we have to do is get to enough meetings and
- share honestly the nature of our pain. Someone may come up to us after a
- 9 meeting or over coffee and check out what we meant when we were
- sharing in the meeting. By exploring the reality of others, we gain
- something in our own reality.
- Tolerance, as a spiritual principle, does not force or require us to put up
- with wrongdoing or a dangerous, criminal or really insulting person. It
- simply frees us to decide what we want for ourselves. Often, tolerance
- seems like it would limit us or habituate us to merely not reacting to bad
- behavior in others. Not overreacting is spiritual tolerance. It means we
- have more say over our lives and how we live.
- Some of our personal wrongdoing may consist of using others without
- their consent or knowledge for selfish gain. Our Fellowship is a great
- 20 churning mass of such problems. It is probably one reason why NA works
- for us so well. It gives us a chance to see ourselves and the games we play
- in others. A real paradox is met head on when we attempt to be useful
- without being used.
- In service, where all of our principles have application, wrongdoing
- 25 consists of setting up elections, falsifying minutes, presenting misleading
- documents, biasing reports, especially on matters dealing with group
- conscience, stealing or misapplying funds, and any other actions that
- would betray or dispirit those who entrust us to serve them.
- Where we see these things, we should act as if we are helping difficult
- children who, while we may love them dearly, are capable of great
- mischief. The loving spirit often provides us with interesting alternatives

- in response to actual, verified wrongdoing. We don't savage them; we find
- 2 ways to help. Tolerance is not just being passive though it is the principle
- 3 that frees us from acting badly just because someone else is. The time we
- 4 gain by this can be spent working towards real lasting solutions.
- 5 Our principle of tolerance in principle helps us make sure what we
- 6 perceive is actually happening. If a real disorder is involved, others will
- see it also. We never have to be alone in NA. Most all problems are repeat
- 8 performances of past events with new names and faces involved. As a
- 9 Fellowship, we have withstood such an array of sabotage and disorder that
- in truth we have little to fear. As individuals, we avoid traps that may
- threaten or sour our recovery by praying, consulting other members and
- then acting on faith to help make things better.
- Our tolerance level may be too great in some areas. It is well to remember
- our past and seek positive action than to drift into not caring. We care
- enough about each other to tell them the truth. Being honest is not
- intolerance. If you find yourself feeling defeated or alone, reach out to
- someone for help. You cut a fear in half when you share it with just one
- other person. If we politely let someone know how we feel, it may help
- them. They may be carrying on habits from active addiction without
- 20 realizing how offensive they are.
- 21 Probably nothing has helped us work on our individual ability to tolerate
- others than our explosive growth. As the density of our meetings increases
- in any given area, the system of recovery shared out from those who have
- it to those who need it becomes increasingly complex and sensitive.
- Members must find ways to remain anonymous yet play key roles. This is
- dangerous if you see yourself as the doer and not your Higher Power.
- 27 Manipulation of others to achieve our ends is invasive and dishonest.
- There was a time, not long ago, when NA as a whole, was glad to have
- just one more meeting in a whole state and just one more member in
- regular attendance. Tolerance is natural when you feel you need someone,
- or their recovery is important to you. When we are stronger in numbers,
- we may get weaker in tolerance. This is where individuals can play a big
- 33 helpful role.

- 1 Today, in NA, we have so many people, so many ideas and varieties of
- 2 experience that it can seem overwhelming! Even with the commonality of
- our desire for recovery, we have need of tolerance just to watch it all go
- 4 by.

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5 PRINCIPLE NINE

PATIENCE

"Patience is taking time for things to move into place without force or breakage."

- 9 Patience is the practice of peace. We didn't get clean overnight and our
- Fellowship did not start growing overnight. Patience as a spiritual
- principle may also be called creative waiting. Life will force us into
- positions where the only good thing we can do is wait. This may not
- happen often however when it does, we should know that sometimes
- watchful waiting has to be enough.
- 15 Accepting the waiting, asking God to ready us for the time of action,
- spending our time well, these are all benefits of spiritual patience. We can
 - all recall the many times we acted through sheer force of will, ignoring
- warnings from those we had some reason to trust. We use the maxim,
- "When in doubt, don't." Almost by definition, the person who fails to
- 20 consider their resources acts without benefit of prayer and throws caution
- to the winds is setting the stage for disaster. It is not spiritual to commit to
- 22 action without considering your resources and the depth of the need for
- what you're about to do.
- 24 By utilizing patience, we automatically reduce the pressure we place on
- ourselves to act, ready or not. We gain time to check our assumptions
- 26 about a situation; time to hear from our sponsor and fellow members. All
- this reduces our sense of urgency to rush into quick fix techniques.
- Some of the landmark events in the history of Narcotics Anonymous only
- came after a series of quick fix approaches failed to work. When enough

- members agreed to commit themselves to a solution, solid discussion,
- 2 planning and action became possible. This was true of our service
- 3 structure, our world service office and our Basic Text, "Narcotics
- 4 Anonymous."
- 5 Trust bonds formed among members committed for the duration who were
- 6 patiently willing to search each other's hearts and minds to achieve at least
- a basic level of conscious agreement. This grew into spiritual unity and
- 8 real results soon followed in most cases. Some of our struggles have been
- 9 long and hard. Patience has proved itself indispensable.
- Addicts continually resist all attempts by would be masters and do-
- gooders. This is because we have found that each one of us must wait,
- patiently or not, for the beginnings of an answer to arise from within. Until
- this has happened, we remain blind, deaf and dumb even to the most
- inspired appeals to better judgment.
- 15 The Twelve Steps guide us in these awakenings gently and steadily. So,
- our growth will be paced with the changes that must take place in our
- individual environments. We're often baffling to non-addicts and even
- sincere well-wishers. This is only a restatement of the need we have for
- other addicts who have a desire for recovery in NA. All rests on that
- 20 desire.
- 21 Sometimes the patience we exercise is no reflection of a true lack of
- readiness on our part. It may be that having said or done what can be done,
- other people need time to make their adjustments as they see fit. "In God's
- 24 time, not mine," is a phrase we have heard used repeatedly at meetings.
- 25 Acceptance of this idea is patience. As addicts, we usually want what we
- want instantly. Our entire existence had centered on immediate
- 27 gratification when we were using drugs. Many of us find that even in
- recovery, we seek the rush brought on by "quick fix" solutions.
- We want to have five years clean before we get six months. We want
- people whom we've harmed many times in our addiction to believe that
- we have really changed and expect to receive their forgiveness overnight.

- We may have come into Narcotics Anonymous financially destitute and
- deep in debt, yet after a short time clean we can't understand why we can't
- get a loan or a credit card. "Don't they know I'm clean now?" we've heard
- 4 some members ask indignantly. Many times, they don't care and can't even
- 5 imagine what being clean might mean. We must never forget that we
- 6 enjoy a special environment constructed patiently by the love, goodwill
- and positive example of other clean addicts who care about us. They are
- 8 paying back those who helped them the only way they can: by helping us.
- 9 We in our turn, help those who are to come.
- Eventually we learn to accept that because we live and recover "just for
- today," that doesn't mean we will get everything back in a day. If our lives
- to come are a puzzle, we get a piece of that puzzle on a daily basis. We put
- our best foot forward and do what needs to be done laying the groundwork
- 14 for a brighter future. Asking our Higher Power for the patience to see our
- vision become a reality is part of the recovery process. "It's easy to have
- patience when things are going my way," said one member.
- We agree, but the challenge of spiritual growth is to "practice these
- principles in *all* our affairs", not just the easy ones. We have come to
- realize that the discomfort felt when things aren't going our way or
- 20 happening fast enough is simply our egos crying out for attention. The
- same egos that drove us into the depths of our disease drive us today.
- 22 Practicing patience takes a surrender of self-will. We come to believe that
- 23 whatever the outcome, we will be taken care of. We look at our part to be
- sure that we've done all that we can today. We ask that our will be aligned
- with God's will and we let our fears go with love.
- Our experience has shown that practicing patience doesn't dilute or
- postpone miracles; it enhances them. We are able to feel serene and be
- understanding in the most trying of circumstances. The freedom
- 29 experienced from not having to be in control of the future feels like a great
- weight lifted from our souls. Patience is the practice of peace.

16

HUMILITY

"Humility is knowing the importance of doing our part well and being
 open to the many forms of help required for a full and abundant life."

- 5 When we come to our own understanding of our higher power and turn
- our will and lives over to the care of a loving God, we are relieved of our
- burdens. Many concerns, ideas and habits are removed because we see
- 8 them as defective. This may not happen overnight. As we continue to
- 9 grow spiritually, an attentive calm may settle into our lives. We
- experience relaxed attention without desperation. We no longer need
- desperation to spur us to action. We seem to have more time, less fear, less
- guilt and a quiet sort of luck. In truth, we are blessed. We have to adjust to
- living in the grace of God.
- Our mind becomes our servant and friend, ceasing its endless rambling.
- Our needs, our desires, and our wants seem to line up better. Control is
 - less necessary because of our increased effectiveness. What used to be
- pressing concerns may suddenly seem absurd. Our growing wonderment
- at the power of a loving God and our experience in recovery leads us into
- a state of nearly permanent gratitude, interrupted only occasionally by our
- 20 disease lashing out to hurt someone including ourselves. That we can
- 21 find a way to go on living after the pain of active addiction is miraculous
- in itself. That all this comes from such a simple process under the
- umbrella of anonymity changes our attitude towards labeling others
- unfairly as we ourselves have been labeled.
- 25 While we are experiencing some of these thoughts and feelings, our
- 26 appearance to others is totally different from when our faces reflected
- desperation born of fear and guilt. This is when others may observe some
- patient, kind and gentle quality. Many of us experienced a change of
- 29 expression so dramatic that some or our new friends may think that we are
- the brother or sister of the person they met when we were just getting
- clean. We look that different. This exciting peace is a reflection of our

- new lives. It is a natural state that exists potentially in all people yet is
- 2 rarely obvious in addicts.
- 3 A part of our individual humility is reflected in our collective ability to
- 4 keep to ourselves. We do not dilute our effectiveness as a Fellowship by
- 5 making public stands on outside issues. We do make it known that NA
- 6 meetings exist. We do this through our public information services so that
- 7 we will not fall into the traps associated with dealing with the media. We
- 8 have service guidelines to help us. The purpose of these services is to get
- 9 an addict to a meeting, not to challenge various treatment philosophies.
- We also are careful to address only the issues of recovery and getting to a
- meeting. We have no opinions on outside issues, especially when talking
- to a reporter.
- Just as we avoid the labels of 'addict' in a world that lacks the knowledge
- that addicts can experience recovery, we also avoid labeling our program
- and Fellowship by taking public stands on outside issues. Within NA, we
- sometimes find it necessary to take stands on issues that directly affect our
- 17 Fellowship and our members. Many NA's have found it easier to revert to
- old ways when dealing with issues other than to practice the principles of
- 19 recovery. It is like they will risk lesser matters to spiritual principles and
- then take on major items with the justification, "This is serious!" They
- may not see that casting aside a spiritual principle and resuming old
- behavior often leads to relapse. It is important to see the relationship
- between casting aside a spiritual principle and relapse. Many of us don't
- 24 get a second chance at recovery.
- 25 What we have found in NA is a series of paths through some of the
- hazards that allow us to maintain both our spiritual integrity and personal
- effectiveness. Historically, addicts in recovery have shown a tendency to
- "check out" every possible way of doing things and only settle for a
- simple solution after the dust settles. We also have a tendency to avoid
- change and innovation. It took us ten to twenty years to begin to evolve a
- service structure, another ten to set up a basic World Service Office and
- ten more years to have a Basic Text. These observations illustrate the
- difficulty we have had to overcome to achieve some of our progress. Our

- difficulty seems to lie in our addiction and the inhibiting factor that makes
- 2 us cling to the known and avoid risk.
- 3 Pressure for change comes from members who see an unaddressed need.
- 4 These members contribute their time and resources to meet that need and
- 5 begin to work out solutions. While they are doing this, members who have
- 6 not studied the issues may criticize them. It is important that they keep
- 7 going. Their critics may never understand or see the reason why. Just so,
- 8 when we see others doing things we don't understand, we learn to ask
- 9 questions and become informed before we criticize.
- In all of this, individuals can and do play roles. Yet, the importance of
- their roles is more a function of our common welfare than who plays the
- role. What gets done is more important to us than who does it. Many
- blessings we share in NA had to wait long years before members became
 - willing. Humility is simply doing our part to help.

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PRINCIPLE ELEVEN

UNCONDITIONAL LOVE

- "Unconditional love is given where we sense our spirit in another human being."
- Our unconditional love comes from our recognition of addictive pain and
- spiritual desire we find in one another. Like many of our terms,
- unconditional love takes on a special meaning for addicts recovering in
- NA. This principle lets us explore the hearts of one another. We increase
- our capacity to live by what we find there.
- The spiritual growth we find leads to an elusive understanding that seems
- to come just when we need it. We realize that whatever form it takes, our
- 26 disease continues to focus our attention on externals, misguided attempts
- to change others and avoid responsibility. Recovering our shattered selves
- with spirituality lets us grow anew from within. As our experience and
- 29 knowledge of applied spirituality increases, we can more often see into the

- heart of things. In many cases, we back off, knowing we're powerless. In
- 2 many other cases, we are able to act on faith and play the roles of helpers,
- 3 caring listeners, truth tellers, principled persons, selfless givers and
- 4 occasionally take stands that are spiritually meaningful.
- 5 To do these things, we turn a portion of our attention inward and begin to
- 6 ask questions about what we believe and why we do things. Along the
- 7 way, our understanding passes a point where we realize the love,
- 8 generosity and help we have received yet were unable to recognize or
- 9 acknowledge. After this realization, our attitude towards the needs and
- suffering of others is more generous. Realizing how much we've been
- helped makes us feel embarrassed not to pass on what others gave us. The
- idea of pride, arrogance or expectation of return becomes ridiculous where
- we can see ourselves as the holders of spiritual truths that came directly
- 14 from the God of our understanding. We cannot personally claim God's
- 15 grace.
- Awareness of the loving nature of the reality that surrounds us doesn't
- blind us to the ignorance, cruelty and selfishness that go on with or
- without us. Our roles can reflect our new viewpoints and general
- awareness. We become able to see differently. Our insight enables us to
- 20 make loving choices within our means and based on extending the kind of
- love and caring that helped us find the clean life.
- 22 The limitations of language obscure the sometimes-painful fact that even
- 'unconditional love' is dependent on certain factors beyond our control.
- 24 This love may be in our hearts yet unable to find expression. Receipt of
- 25 this love usually depends on our openness.
- One condition is that the person we would enjoy helping is open to our
- 27 help. We are all too familiar as addicts with the pain of well-intended
- intrusion. Sometimes we feel like an exhibit at the zoo. To intrude on
- someone unasked is presumptuous and more likely to trigger retaliation
- than gratitude.

- Another condition is that the time is right for sharing. A person doing
- things that are bound to have disastrous results from our view, may think
- 3 they're in no need of help. Any effort on our part beyond a gentle
- 4 comment may seem insulting and egotistical. If we wait until they're in
- 5 pain and desperation, they may pass beyond all help. All we can do is
- share our experience, strength and hope. By praying to be ready and
- available, we are sometimes there at the exact moment when a person is
- 8 open to help and asks for it.
- 9 Perhaps one more condition should be brought into this rare and inspiring
- form of love. It is that we do share from our own experience and not
- wander into the role of savior. Our spiritual condition is important: God
- works the miracles and gets the credit, not us. The trap here is that if we
- see ourselves as the doers, even if we really help someone, we will sustain
- an injury to our spirits. The love we give does not create indebtedness in
- those we help. It would be a case of our pushing God away from the
- controlling role in our lives, canceling out our Third Step of recovery. We
- will find ourselves seeking greater challenges, isolated and eventually in
- serious need of help ourselves.
- Also, setting ourselves up as saviors makes us ideal targets for the disease
- in others to find fault with us. Our failure to be perfect can be used by the
- 21 addictive trait to discredit our recovery! Our only perfection consists of
- 22 honest and complete surrender. Then, if we are attacked, we can laugh at
- 23 the strange turn of events and the foolishness that makes hard the best of
- 24 intentions.
- 25 The gathering of spiritual knowledge leads eventually to a great and
- lasting simplicity. Our love may be a reflection of that simplicity. We may
- do the right thing just because it seems like the thing to do!
- Love expands our life. Hatred restricts it. Through love, we can go more
- places, meet more people agreeably and do more things with them.
- 30 Increasingly, hatred cuts us off from others, leads us to avoid certain
- places and limits our ability to succeed.

PRINCIPLE TWELVE SHARING AND CARING

"Sharing and caring is the active and passive forms of love that keeps us alive and allows God to use us as instruments. "

- 5 The spiritual principle of sharing occurs when we provide an addict with
- 6 what is needed. Each member shares in our signature way from the
- beginning of recovery. Sharing is the follow through that takes place after
- 8 caring begins. It validates the NA promise: freedom from active addiction
- 9 for any addict thoroughly applying these principles. Sharing takes place
- between addicts with a desire for recovery. Caring brings about incidents
- of sharing.

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- 12 Anonymity from Step Twelve is the absence of labeling, possessing the
- beauty of acknowledging our Higher Power as the primary force in our
- lives. It creates the environment we need to recover. We can shed old
- labels that may no longer apply. However, our personality remains to
- dilute the experience with the idea of our "having to run the show." With
- ego set aside, the spirit within us is allowed to emerge untainted by
- personal desire. We can experience the miracle of personality change
- enhanced by anonymity.
- 20 Regardless of their condition, newcomers are welcomed. The only
- requirement for membership is their desire to stop using, remain clean and
- live a new way of life. Few of us are comfortable judging the newcomer's
- sincerity. Our terrific ability to mask who and what we are from intruding
- eyes is an ability we retain in recovery. It is part of our survival skills. Far
- too often, the assessment between one or two members has been crucial in
- 26 a newcomer's recovery. Fortunately, it only takes one to carry our
- 27 message. This is part of the awakening experience of our Twelfth Step, an
- element of the Step's maturation as we grow. Applications of principles
- 29 are endless our need for surrender, belief, inventory, confiding, letting
- 30 go, and amends builds a healthy life. Our inability to live such principles
- is a measure of our illness.

- Among all our principles, we find ideas like inclusiveness, openness, trust,
- 2 helpfulness, selfless-giving, and caring help offset our addict's tendency to
- 3 do the opposite. Our self-destructiveness opposes the principles that bring
- 4 peace and happiness to the willing. These words are from the recovery
- 5 language within NA. The currency of our program is a language born of
- 6 deep, applied love and commitment that has endured great pain and
- 7 hardship.
- 8 We become aware that our program results from a huge amount of
- 9 deliberate, consistent effort on the part of all of our members. As the hours
- of scheduled meetings approaches, how many thousands of automobiles
- are started for the express purpose of attending an NA meeting? How
- many light switches are thrown, and chairs arranged to seat our multitude?
- In a day, how many hours do members share? Travel in the Fellowship is
- 14 convincing because we hear the same principles working for other people,
- far from where we live. Change comes to members exposed to the greater
- NA beyond the boundaries of their local Fellowship.
- Ultimately, we find out in our own way. Narcotics Anonymous is the
- gathering of addicts who desire to stay clean and grow spiritually. On a
- daily basis, many ideas, experiments, changes, conflicts, polarization and
- 20 failures are filtered through tests of application that produce our Program.
- When they work, they extend our ability to apply the NA program. If not,
- we move on, leaving behind what does not work. With our emphasis on
- sharing and caring, we have a life. After our needs are met -- food, shelter,
- 24 clothing and solvency -- crisis may siphon time from these things yet we
- discover we return to them to keep our house in order. Our loved ones
- needs, reasonable, come first. After living requirements are met, we have
- 27 the opportunity to selflessly give by sharing. This sharing happens as the
- fruit of our existence, however restricted or marginal. Our sharing is not a
- benefit of the material world, it is a benefit of the spirit. Generosity is the
- nature of our loving God, as we share an opportunity to reflect divine calm
- and trust.
- 32 Spiritual principles can seem tenuous or wishy-washy to those who have
- little experience with them. It may be a fixation on reality that makes an

- otherwise delusional person successful. In secret, this person may also be
- a great giver. Spiritual principles are more real than the rationales used to
- 3 justify our active addiction. Many doors closed to us will only yield after
- 4 we apply spiritual principles.
- 5 How often have we seen a member in the midst of a glowing recovery
- 6 succumb to greed, lust, pride, avarice, envy, hatred or anger? However
- 7 convincingly they justify their actions, they all run into impassable
- 8 obstacles. Nor can they overcome obstacles by applying more force or
- 9 arguing the correctness of their position. We share about remaining stuck
- until we surrender to our powerlessness. We share how the application of
- this principle works in all areas of our lives. Constantly living by spiritual
- principles exhibits as awakened spirit. During times of hardship we sit in
- silent wonder over the beauty in our lives and the company we share. We
- endure without making things worse, each time discovering as area
- wherein we lack surrender, discovering a truth in the situation and
- growing a little freer, aligning ourselves with the powerful force that
- works for us. It is neither defeat nor an end to our pursuit of happiness. It
- is the way to happiness. This is life on life's terms.
- 19 Spiritual reality does not apologize for its ways, without it, there would be
- 20 no escape. The delusions or our disease produce defects that arrest growth.
- Most obstacles would have been simple were we not addicts. They
- prevented a timely, clear lesson. The marvel is that through recovery we
- regain what has been lost.
- 24 Through sharing and caring we gain the ability to do for others what was
- once done for us. We can each remember the patience and love that kept
- us coming back. Now, awakened and based in principles, we carry the
- 27 message of hope and recovery. This is as crucial for someone working a
- Twelfth Step as studying and grasping the disease concept in the First
- 29 Step. We cannot remain clean without it.
- Personally seeking to make one's mark in NA entitles the member to a
- series of unnecessary mistakes. Caring and sharing suspends our personal
- agenda. Through loving service, caring and sharing, God allows us to

- grow beyond ourselves into the wisdom of a clear, open spirit of goodwill
- and sensibility in the service of abiding in the spirit. Our Fellowship will
- 3 endure.

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